# WITH THE PRIESTS

Suit for the Possession of Property the Basis for the Massacre

TOOK WOMEN OFF IN BOAT

Launch Kept in Mid-river Over Night for Additions to the :-Fugitives.

(By Associated Press.) SHANGHAI, March 1.—An account of at Nanchang has been received. Fifteen Methodist Evangelist, Protestant, and fourteen Catholic missionaries were in the city last Thursday night, when the French Catholics had a quarrel with an official over a suit for the possession of property. Great excitement prevailed on

A mass-meeting was held on Saturday and was followed on Sunday by a riot, during which the property of the Catholics was burned. The Protestants took refuge in the adjoining house of Mr. Kingman. The house was burned, and six priests and two members of the Kingman family, were killed.

six priests and two members of the King-man family were killed.

The Chinese governor attempted to check the riot and rescue the mission-aries? The men of the Methodist mission, aided by Chinese soldiers, took their school-kirls to Chinese homes in the city, and brought Miss Hoy; and Miss Kahn from a hospital. All took refuge in midfrom a hospital. All took refuge in mid-river in a launch which was furnished by Chinese officials. The launch waited

The wounded Kingman girl died on ray. The Chinese could have block-e passage of the launch during the welve-hours' journey down the river, but asy were friendly. Rev. A. P. Quirm-ach, a Methodist, remained at Nanchang

tions.

There is much dissension throughout China, but there is no indication of a general uprising against foreigners.

## SHAKESPEARE'S AGE A PERIOD OF SONG

Many of the Great Plays Contain Lyrics of Exquisite

A large audience greeted Professor J. C. Metcalf hast evening at Richmond College o hear his lecture on "Slakespeare, Song-Maker." His hearers were charmed, and listened intently to every word, while his exquisite reading of the lays and songs from the great dramatist and his predecessors was received with enthusistic applause. The lecturer was introduced by President F. W. Boatwright. Dr. Metcalf begun by declaring that in the days of Elizabeth every one sang, and

as was that of Elizabeth, Shakespeare, with a genius for absorbing what was richest and most vital, brought to his plays a knowledge and appreciation of music sufficient to give to some of his dramas a distinct musical atmosphere. This is especially true of parts of "Two Gentlemen of Verona," "Twelfth Night," "Merchant of Venice," "Tempest" and "Midsummer Night's Dream." Indeed, it is everywhere prevalent in his plays, yet most subtle does it show in crises of the plays, as in Julius Caesar, in the tent of Brutus before Phillipli. The short lyric in the play had somewhat its protitype in the songs of the religious miracle plays. Of these lyrics there are two kinds: (I) short poems of regular rhythms for chanting, and (2) irregular cadences. In these the poet achieves his most individual effects, and many were read as illustrations, with which the lecture closed his paper.

closed his paper,
The next and last lecture of the faculty course will be given next Thursday evening by Dr. W. L. Foushee, of the chair of Latin. His subject will be "Vergil in the Middle Ages." The public is invited

#### GEORGE HASTY ON TRIAL FOR KILLING ABBOTT DAVISON

(By Associated Press.)
GAFFNEY, S. C., March 1,—The trial of George Hasty began here to-day. A motion to quash the indictment against Hasty on technical grounds was denied. The motion of the defendant's counsel to postpone the trial on account of the absence of material witnesses was also

overruled.

The jury was secured by noon. Three witnesses were examined in the afternoon, Sams, county surveyor; B. L. Al-local physician, and Miss Verne

Sheridan.

Hasty is being tried first on the charge of killing Abbott Davidson, and it is probable that this case will be concluded to-morrow, after which he will be tried for killing Milan Bennett.

Why Wood Rots.

Prof. Brewer of the Sheffleld scientific school showed some recent visitors an interesting exhibit, consisting of pleces of wood subjected for years to the action of air and water, which were as solid as if just sawn out of the tree. They are used to illustrate the fact that vegetable, like animal, decay is a matter of Express. Wood will seconds added to the control of the contr table, like animal, decay is a matter of germs. Wood will remain solid.

## DUE TO QUARREL CONSENTS TO RECEIVE A FEW DAYS LONGER

PEOPLE YOU KNOW DISCUSS CHARLES LINCOLN SMITH

While His Previous Visits Here Have Been Prolonged The Expert Announces His Present Stay as Limited by Reason of Imperative Engagements Elsewhere.

ONE OF VIRGINIA'S ONE OF VIRGINIA'S
BEST KNOWN EDUCATORS. | sincers in the merchant marine service, is another enthusiastic beneficiary of Charles Lincoln Smith's method and pre-

Professor Furcron, Former President of Furcron Academy, Is Exultant.

Is Exultant.

Professor A. S. Furcon, of 418 Cowardin Avenue, Manchester, one of the best known educators in the State, relates his experience with Charles Lincoln Smith's method and prescription glasses substantially as follows:

"My eyes troubled me a great deal. A disagreeable and distressing sensation as if the eyes were filled with sand was with me continually. My eyes were watery and I was perpetually squinting.

"Charles Lincoln Smith's method and prescription glasses have given me intense relief. My eyes now feel bright and wide open and I am no more troused with the chapted and sore cheeks."

It ried many different glasses, receiving to benefit.

A personal friend of the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain salving the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln in the captain called. As the result his eyesight has been resulted with such as the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln has vision in the advice of his friends, the captain advised him to consuit Charles Lincoln has vision in the advice of his friends, him to consuit Charles Lincoln has vision him to consuit charles Lincoln has vision

"Charles Lincoun behave given me inprescription glasses have given me intense relief. My eyes now feel bright and wide open and I am no more troubled with the chapped and sore cheeks that formerly bothered me in cold, windy weather when water was constantly springing into the optics and rolling down upon my cheeks.

"My vision is clear and strong. I have the eyesight of my youth apparhave the eyesight is all right."

I tiell you, my eyesight is all right."

If you have blurring, dizziness, neuralia, hendaches, spots before the eyes, winking, trembling spells, cataract, out apparhave the eyesight is all right."

#### HE IS GRATIFIED WITH RESULTS OBTAINED.

#### CANNOT FIND WORDS TO EXPRESS GRATITUDE

The experience of Mrs. J. C. Higgins, of 2820 East Grace Street, with her family physician, supplies an anecdote that will be found instructive as well as amusing.

Charles Lincoln Smith, the well-known New York expert, is at Murphy's Hotel Annex, private rooms Nos. 166 and 158. Consultation absolutely free a short time

Eighth Street entrance.

He Had to Be Dug Out of a Drift With

Shovels.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) WINCHESTER, VA., March 1 .- Rural

Mail Carrier Charles H. Hardy, of Win-

**VIRGINIA** 

amusing.

Mrs. Higgins, after consulting Charles
Lincoln Smith and getting the benefit
of his method and prescription glasses,
discussed the matter with her family

physician.
The medical practitioner offered to make a wager with Mrs. Higgins that the optomitist's work would not benefit

#### WIFE OF SERGEANT OF RICHMOND POLICE

## MUST CUT DOWN

(Continued from First Page.)

far larger amount from the State than any other institution; that its annulty is being increased this year from \$50,000 to \$75,000, or fifty per cont., and that while the funds available made it necessary to "pare down" the sums asked for by other objects, the University and that alone was getting everything it asked. For the State aid it received the University gave free tuition in the academic department to Virginia boys. But the University makes absolutely no provision for furnishing to these students living at actual cost as all other State colleges do, and, furthermore, imposed upon each of these students the University fee of \$40. As a result of this system the minimum cost to a Virginia student at the University, including board, university fee and contingent fee of \$10, was \$212, as against less than \$125 at William and Mary and \$150 at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute. Virginia families of modest means, who consented to be taxed for the support of the University, were driven away from it by a Chinese wall of sectusion and forced to to be taxed for the support or the tuning versity, were driven away from it by a Chinese wall of seclusion and forced to send their sons elsewhere, where the burdens of expense were not so great. All the while the University continued to get more consideration from the State than any other school.

#### Was Not Removed.

While he emphasized the fact that the Iniversity makes no effort to reduce the lving expenses of students and "simply urns them over to the tender mercles of ferring to the fee. At the time the first letter was written Mr. Strode had begin an attack on the fee system. The chairman had then agreed with him and given assurances that within three years the fee would be removed. The three years had passed, and no change had been made. Dr. Alderman also agreed that the fee was obnoxious, admitted that its removal would result in bringing a large number of new Virginia students into the University, but declared that with the present appropriation the University could not take proper care of the additions, and generally could not get along satisfactorily if the fee, netting some \$6.00° a year, were removed. Mr. Strode pointed out that the appropriation had been increased \$25.00°, and that if the \$6.00° were deducted, it would still leave a clear gain of \$19.00° a year to the University. "I was approached about this matter just before coming here," said Mr. Strode, "by certain University people, who were aware of my sentiments. I told them I would urge the objections on the floor of the Senate, and as soon as the session began I introduced a resolution inquiring about the fee. On the same day I was informed by the senator from Greene, in whose district the University is located.

\$10 Too Much. The argument of the Amherst senator was manifestly carrying great weight with the senators.

of the leaders of the other side,
"I will not," answered Mr. Strode

not satisfactory.

Then let the Senate decide," announced Mr. Strode,
"All right, let the Senate decide then," responded Mr. Chapman, of Greene,
"God ahead, Strode, you are right," called out Judge Mann, of Nottoway, wheeling in his chair.

The discussion was resumed and the willingness of the other side to yield \$20 of the fee stiffened the attack. Mr. Strode called attention to a feeling of irritation in the rural districts against the Univerthe fee stiffened the attack. Mr. Strode called attention to a feeling of irritation in the rural districts against the University, which many in the rural districts regarded as a "rich man's school."

"That is absund," interjected Mr. Shackelford.
Before Mr. Strode sat down he pointed out that in ner cent, of athe students of

and prescription glasses, and ever since the station of the statio

tural sections are excluded by the monetary barrier. Many people in Virginia,
he declared, did not know that the university was a free school. The university, he believed, would receive the best
support of sil the people only when it
showed itself to be in fact, as well as
in theory, a part of the great free school
system of Virginia, as contemplated by
Thomas Jefferson. On behalf of the university, Mr. Shackelford challenged, the
statements that the university in an expensive school. A Virginia boy, he asserted, could go there as cheaply as to
any other State school. To spread abroad
to the people of Virginia, that the university was a rich man's school, he said,
was an injustice to the institution. The
expense depended upon what the student
chose to make it.

Agree on Ten Dollar Fee.

#### Agree on Ten Dollar Fee.

Agree on Ten Dollar Fee.

After considerable spairing a compromise was reached. Somewhat unwillingly Mr. Strode agreed to accept a \$10 fee. A new amendment prepared by him and Mr. Shackelford was then offered, and was unanimously adopted. It is to be attached to the clause authorizing the \$75,000 appropriation, as follows:

"Upon condition the University of Virginia shall give instruction to properly prepared white students from Virginia without charge for tuition or university fee in the acai-

from Virginia without charge for tul-tion or university fee in the aca-demic department of more than \$10, which \$10 shall cover all the Items covered by the present university fee of \$40, but this shall not interfere with the requirement of the \$10 con-tingent deposit."

#### The Fisheries Matter.

Barely had the second session got down to business before another diversion ap-peared, consuming the oftenoon as the university discussion had consumed the morning. Returning to the clause allowacting at the request of the Committee on Chesapeake Bay and its Tributaries, proposed an amendment providing \$400 for each of the unsalaried members of the board for extraordinary services rendered by them. These unsalaried members are Mr. Keezell, Scnator from Rockingham, and Mr. Henry M. Tyler and Mr. R. J. Camp. Mr. Shands pointed out that this allowance had always been made, and said it should be made again, the three gentlemen having performed much valuable service, resulting in bringing large sums of money into the treasury. In view of the fact that Mr. Keezell is a member of the Finance Committee, the matter was not taken up by that committee, but was left for the full Senate to decide.

Objection was made by Mr. Fulton, of Warren, who spoke with some embarrassment, since what he had to say would concern a colleague in the Senate. He pointed out the section in the Constitution specifically declaring that no person holding a salarled office under the State government shall be a member of the General Assembly. To have a tacit understanding that members of the Board of Fisheries, ostensibly serving without pay, were to be voted compensation, was in his judgment, simply dodging the Constitution. Under such a plan as this a member of the General Assembly

propriation, could under the rules, be passed by less than twenty-one votes, a majority of the entire Senry. chair held that the provision did apply, since the vote was merely upon an amendment, which could not of itself authorize an appropriation. The majority rule would apply to the bill itself. Here was an important point, as will anser.

To-Day's Store News.



## Spring's Favored Dress Materials.

SUPERLATIVE values in the wanted weaves. To-day tells

a story of economy. The richest assemblage of the most popular Dress Fabrics. touch with them---learn of the spring season's new productions. They're here in plenty.

45-inch Gray Mixed and Invisible Plaid Panama Suitings, 50c

36-inch Shepherd's Checks, in green, blue and black and white, 50c.

38-inch All Wool Panama Suitings, 50c.

44-inch Pin Checked Spot-Proof English Suit-

36-inch Mohair, in all shades of gray, blue 45-inch Extra Heavy Mohair Sicilian, one of the most silky and beautiful fabrics out, \$1.00.

50-inch Plain and Invisible Plaid Panama Cloths, in all shades of gray, navy, brown and

54-inch Chiffon Panama Suitings, in all the new combinations in grays, \$1.25.

54-inch Cream Serge Suitings with dainty colhairline stripes and plaids, the new street novelty, guaranteed to wash, \$1.50.

A full line of Cream Serges, Mohair, Sicilian, Albatross, Batiste and Voiles, 50c, 58c, 65c, 75c, 85c

Agents McCall Bazar Patterns.

## FISH TO LEAD PLAN TO INVESTIGATE MUTUAL

Independent Movement on Behalf of Policyholders to Bring About Reform,

nd a thorough investigation of pany.

sh to-day received a cablegram and Northeilffe, representing the polyphoiders, asking him to reform movement. Mr. Fish re-king for Lord Northeilffe's and of our trade that at least 80 per cent, has been sold. head a reform movement plied, asking for Lord Northeliffe's advice and support.

#### THE MUTUAL BRINGS SUITS AGAINST FORMER PRESIDENT

(By Associated Prats.)
NEW YORK, March L.-Suits have already been instituted by the trustees of
the Mutual Life Insurance Company
against former President Richard A. M.
McCurdy, former General Manager Robert H. McCurdy, and the firm of Charles
H. Bewond & Co. formerly generaly ert H. McCuray, and the arm of Charles H. Raymond & Co., formerly general agents for the Mutual, according to an announcement made by the board of trus-tees to-day. These suits were begun some time ago upon the advice of Joseph H.

Choate.

Richard A. McCurdy and his family and L. A. Thebaud and his family sailed for Europe to-day on the steamer America.

### Only Way to Outwit Him.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, widow of the famous Confederate General, who now lives in Charlotte, N. C., was chaffing a lawyer of her acquaintance about the fees demanded by members of his pro-

fession.

"Still, there are occasions when a lawyer isn't the chief beneficiary of a suit," said Mrs. Jackson. "I know of one instance. A friend of mine in Virginia sued a railroad for damages and secured a verdict for \$10,000, which was paid, and the whole amount is now in bank subject to her order. Her counsel didn't get a penny of it."

"How was that?"

"She found the only way of outwitting him."

"What did she do?"
"She married the lawyer,"—Every-body's Magazine,

### Call for the Ambulance.

There goes Governor Cummins, of Iowa, after Senator Elkins, whom he condemns as the buckler and shield of the railroads. The fight is beginning to flash, crackle and roar,—Springfield Republican.

Mrs. Harvey, of Marvel, Isle of Wight, dled recently. She was one hundred years old, and as a girl knew the Duke of Wellington.—London Mail.

# MARKET FOR FEBRUARY

Decrease in Quantity Sold and Increase in Amount Paid

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

DANVILLE, VA. March 1.—The following is the report of E. W. Dixon, president of the Danville Tobacco Association, for the month of February. Sales for the month of February, 1906, and also a comparative statement of the sales for, the month of February, 1906, 3,863,432 pounds, for 871.—19, 385,343 pounds, for \$372.—88,75, a decrease in February, 1906, 31,918 pounds, but an increase in the amount paid out of \$37,483,44.

Amount sold first six months tobacco year, 26,35,93 pounds, for \$2,40,123,20; amount sold same period previous year, 21,530,911 pounds, for \$1,83,46,42; increase in favor of 1965-09 of 4,789,942 pounds; an increase in the amount paid out of \$304,654,78.

of our trade that at clear to be a sold.

Offerings for the past month have not been quite as good as formerly reported, either in quality or order. The tone of the market is strong and very active with higher prices. There has been considerable trading in old crop or hogshead lots the past month. In fact, the majority of stocks held by our dealers have been sold at very satisfactory prices.

E. W. DIXON, President Danville Tobacco Association.

### TWO WEDDINGS.

The Principals of One Act As Attendants in the Other,

tendants in the Other.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

HARRISONBURG, VA., March 1.—Two weddings took place within a few hours of each other at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Good, near Cootes. Store, Tuesday night. Invitations had been issued to the marriage of Dr. John Haley, of near Dallas, Texas, to Miss Annie E. Good, and a large company of friends witnessed the ceremony at \$3.00 colock. Dr. C. S. Dodd was best man and Miss Bessle Good was maid of honor. A few minutes after midnight, while the guests were enjoying an old-fashloned Virginia, wedding feast, the strains of a wedding march announced the entrance of another bridal couple.

This time the bride was Miss Myrtle G. Good and the groom was Mr. Ransom C. May, of Staunton. The groom of few hours before acted as best man and his bride was maid of honor. The same minister performed both ceremonies. Dr. and Mrs. Haley will e-side in Texas and Mr. and Mrs. May will make their home in Stauton. The brider are slsters. Many of the old families in the Valley regard it as an ill ouror to have two weddings in one famil on the same day.

Mrs. Inogen Avis and Mr. Lewis Marvin Palmer were married in New York city vesterday afternoon. The brides is a daughter of Captain and Mrs. James Little Avis, of Harrisonburg, of Harrisonburg, and the groom is connected with the management of the Eric and Lake Shore Rallroad in New York.

The deepest bore-hole in the world is in the mine of the Paruschowitz coillery, near Rybnik, in Austria, which has a depth of nearly 6,500 feet.

Bourn the Signature Chart H. Fletching